

Post Election Super Strategies 2016

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the next solution

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Significant Superannuation Reforms

1. Implementing a limit on tax free earnings for pension funds
2. Changes to concessional contributions
3. Changes to non concessional contributions
4. Changes to a number of other superannuation strategy rules
5. Changing the taxation status of Transition to Retirement Pensions
6. SMSF Strategy Considerations

\$1.6m maximum limit for 0% tax on pensions

- Currently, there is no limit to how much funds can be invested in a pension and still be entitled to the concessional 0% taxed environment

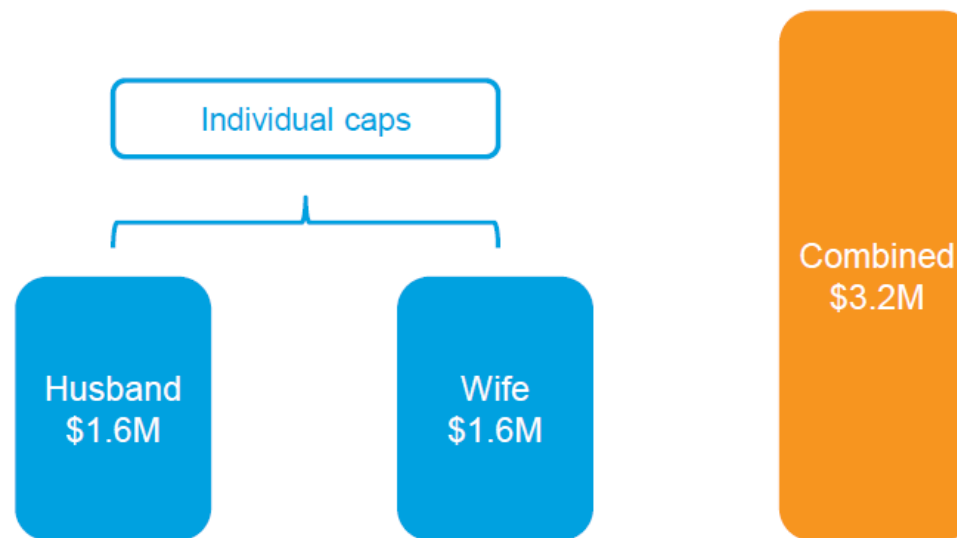
Proposal

- From 1 July 2017, each individual will be limited to \$1.6m to be invested in the 0% taxed Pension environment
- Anything above that amount will be held in Accumulation and taxed at 15%

Limiting the 0% earnings tax on super funds

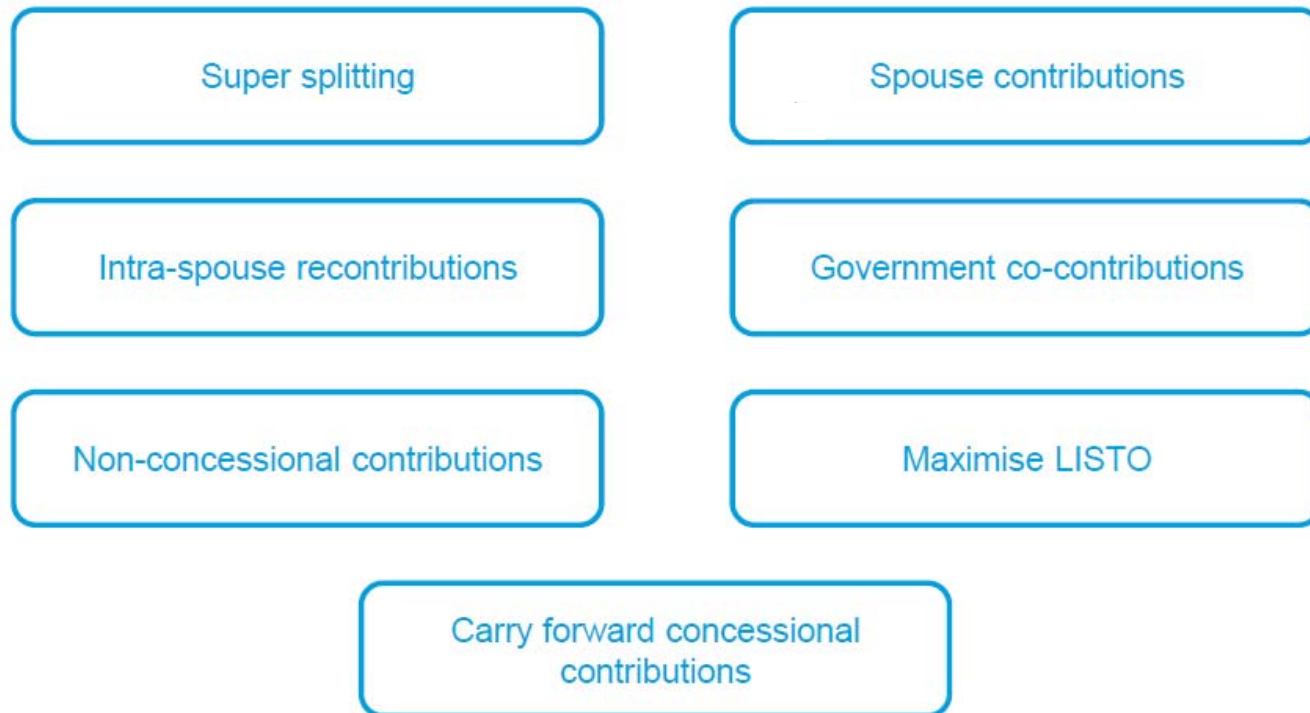
Getting the most out of the cap

- Couples need to avoid disproportionate super balances



Target a combined \$3.2M cap for couples

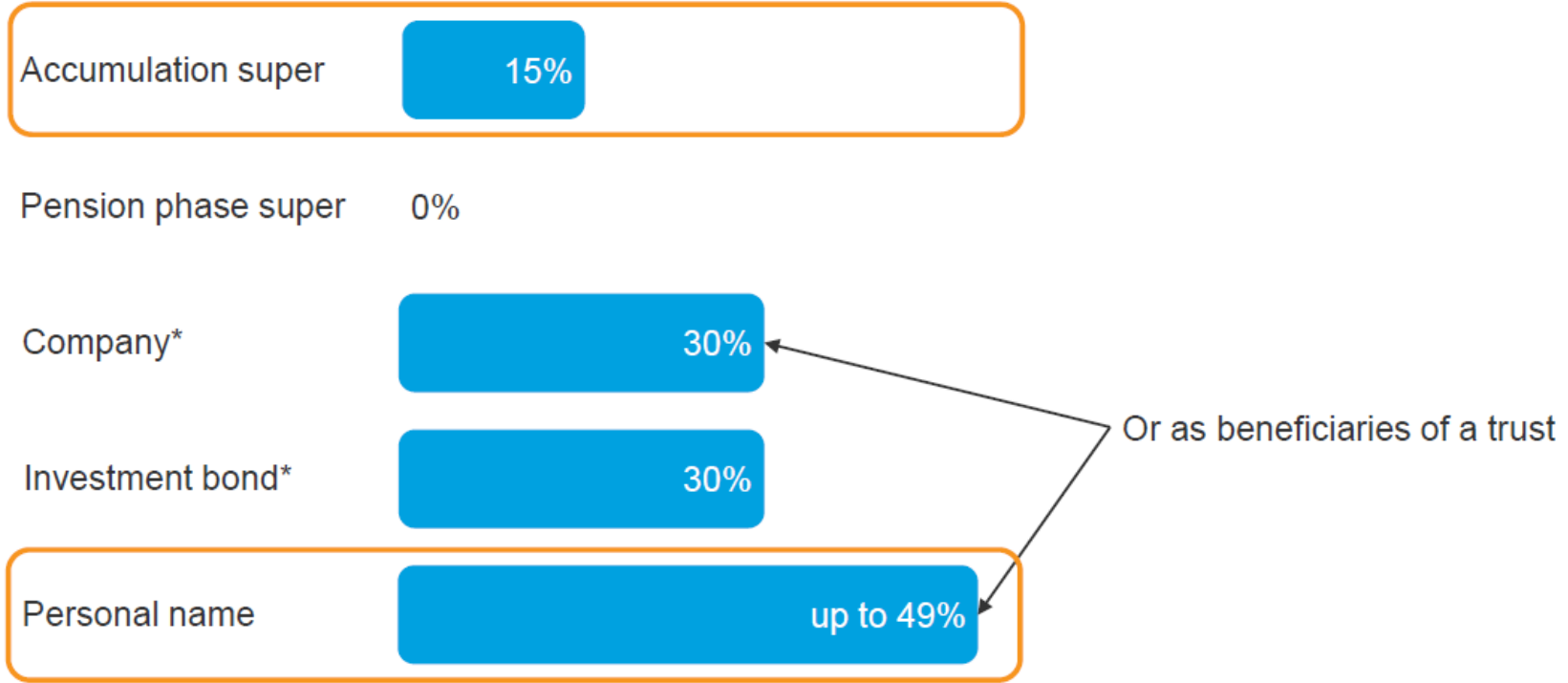
Use strategies to optimise the 0% tax benefits



Reduced caps mean long term planning required

Choose your ownership structure carefully

- Investment structure alternatives

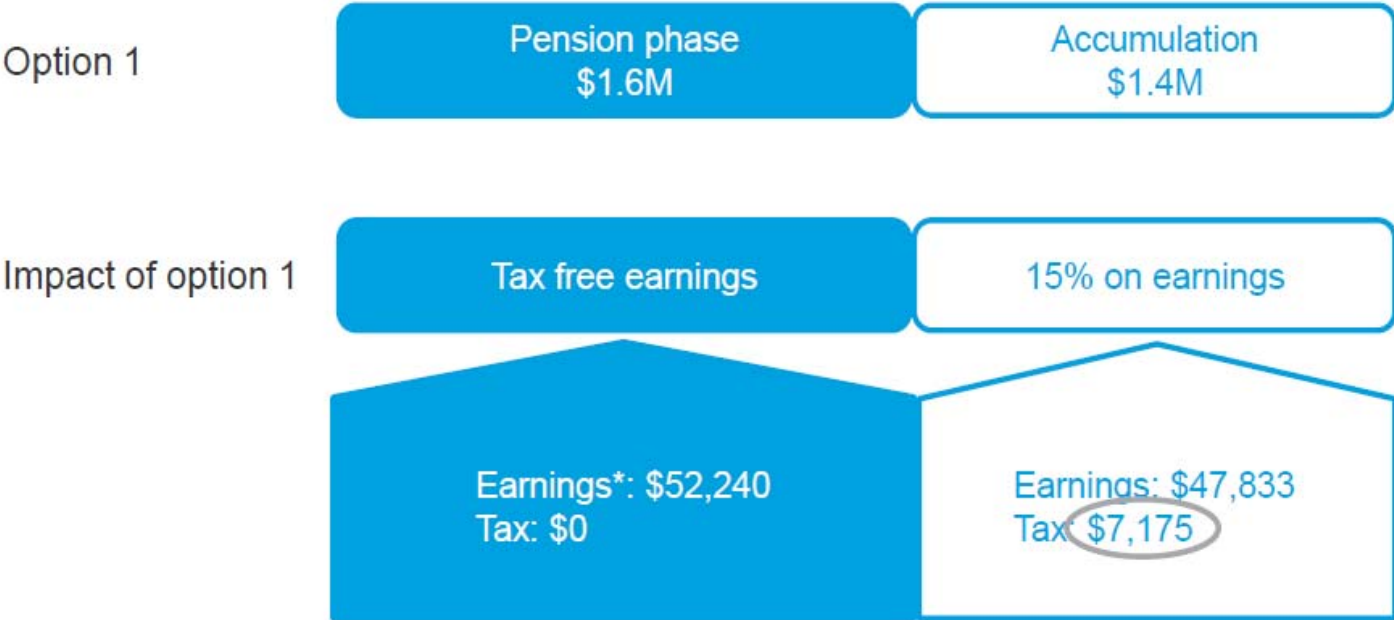


* Reducing to 25% over ten years

Retirement Strategies

Options for HNW clients

Example – Roger, 65



**Earnings that would otherwise be taxable if in accumulation*

Retirement Strategies

Options for HNW clients
 Example – Roger, 65

Couples
 \$1.557M

Option 2



Impact of option 2



Total tax: \$2,112

Retirement Strategies

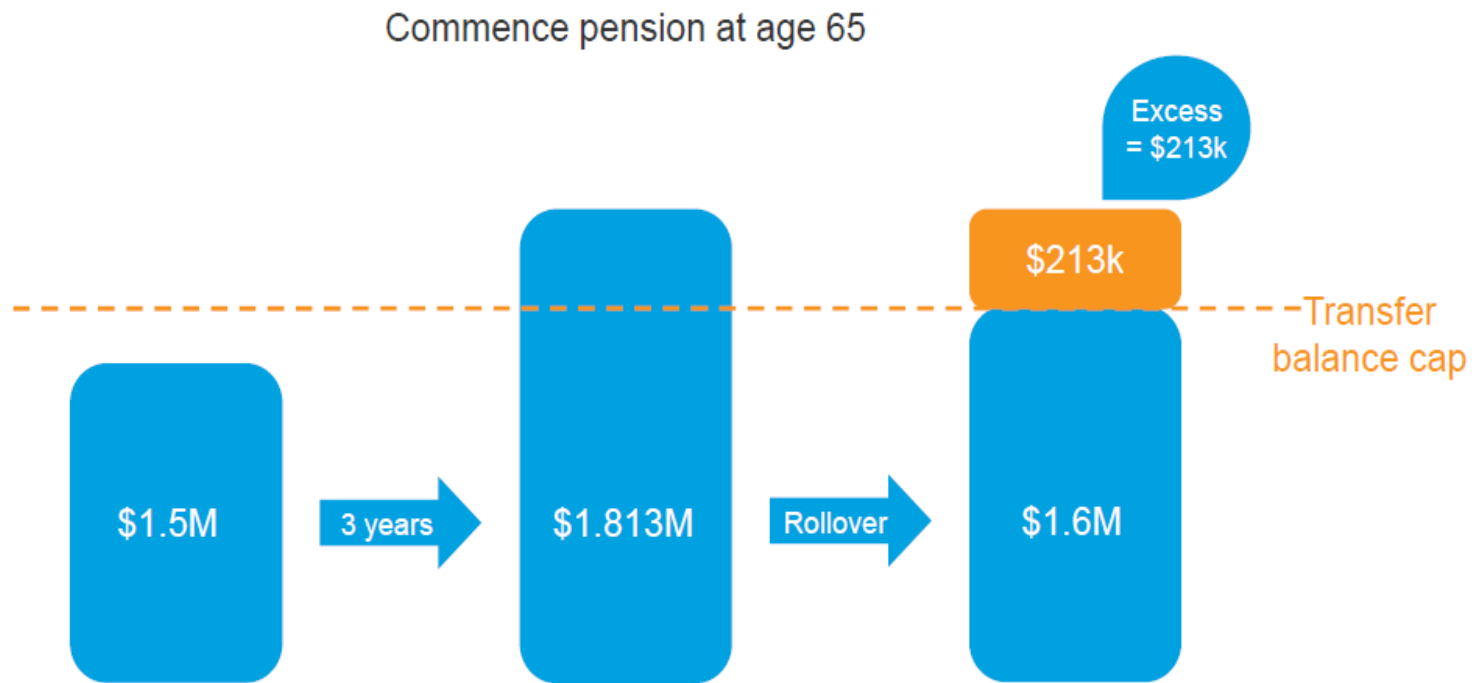
Options for HNW clients

- Factors to consider:
 - Realisation of capital gains
 - Growth in income over time in personal names
 - Death benefit taxes on super to non-dependants

Optimising the 0% taxed structure

Commencement time – maximising growth ‘under’ cap

Example – Rowena, 62, retired



Changes to Concessional Contributions

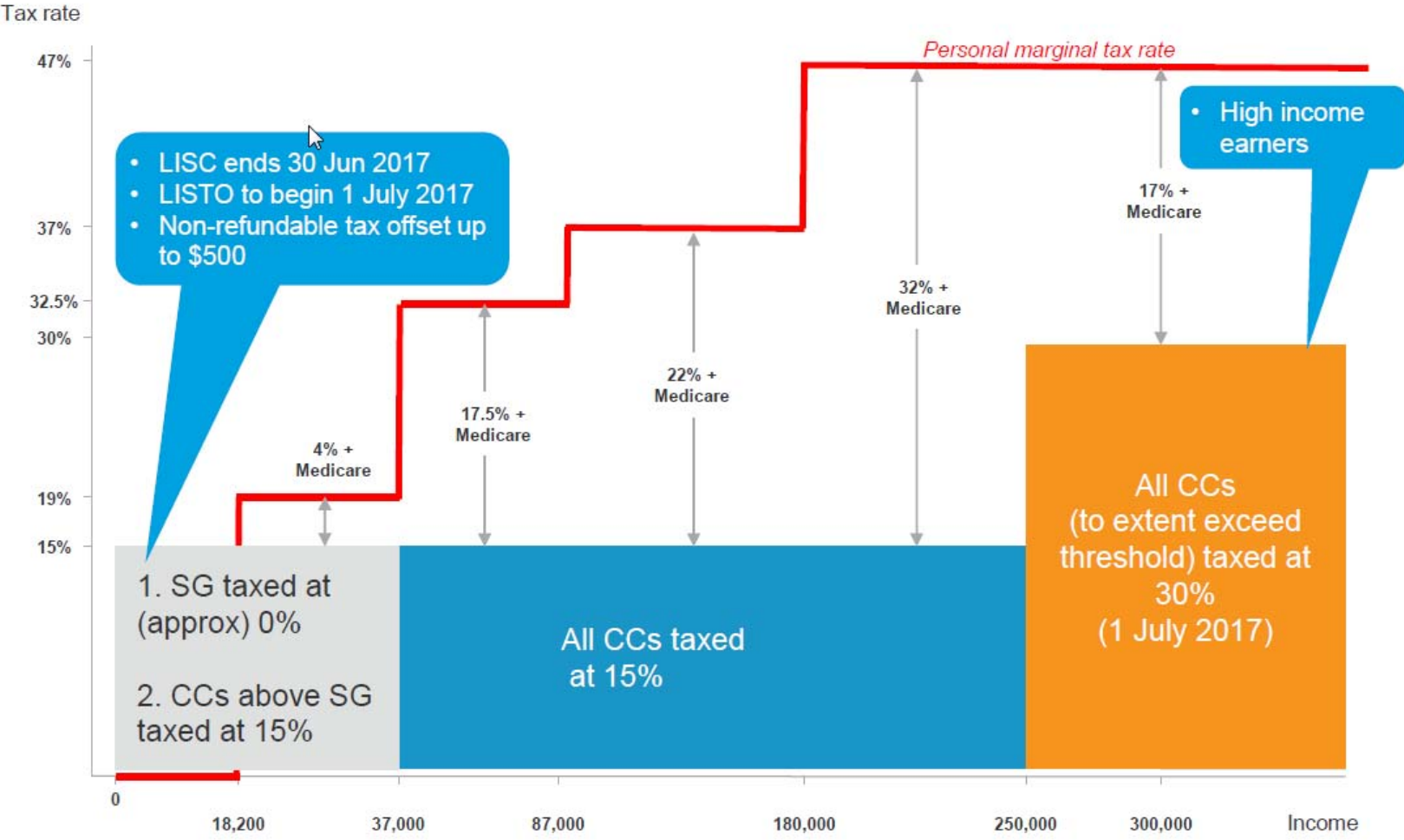
Current

- Currently, concessional contributions are as follows:
 - Under age 50: \$30,000pa
 - 50 and over: \$35,000pa
- The super fund then pays tax at 15% (or 30% if the individual has income in excess of \$300,000pa (Division 293 threshold))

Proposal

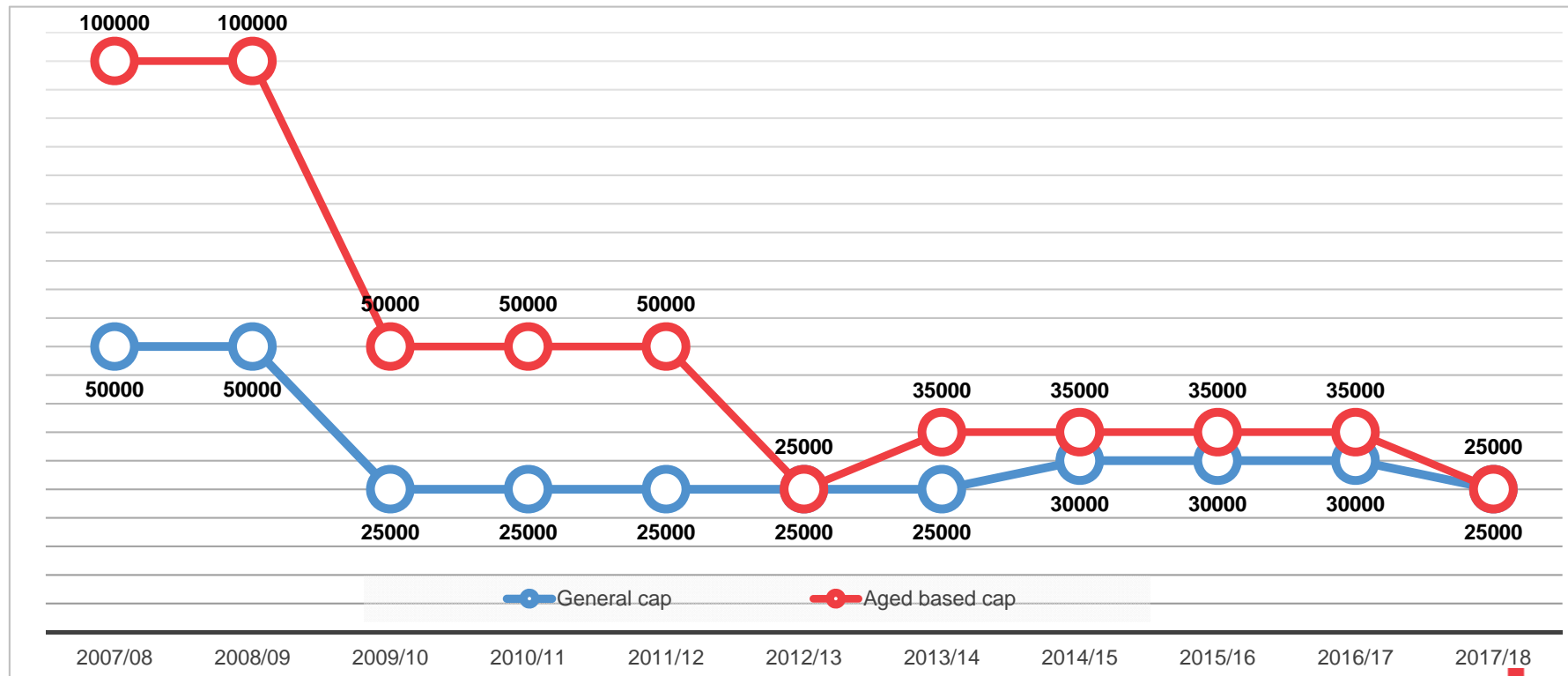
- The taxation of concessional contributions remains the same but, from 1 July 2017, the maximum concessional contribution will be limited to \$25,000pa for all age categories
- The 30% tax threshold is to be reduced to income of \$250,000pa
- Catch up contributions are to be allowed from 1 July 2018

Changes to Concessional Contributions



Changes to Concessional Contributions

\$25k concessional cap for all



Changes to Concessional Contributions

Allow catch-up concessional contributions

What we know	The unknowns
Unused portion of CC cap carried forward on a rolling 5 year period	Will the \$500k be indexed?
Effective from 1 July 2018 (2019/20 first catch-up opportunity)	Who will keep track of unused CCs?
Not a bring forward entitlement	When will the \$500k be measured?
Must have less than \$500k in super	

Example – Potential to make a CC of as much as \$125,000

Rolling 5 year carry forward	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Current yr CC Cap	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
Salary	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000
Less SG Contributions	\$9,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,000	\$11,500
Unused CC Cap	\$15,500	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$14,000	\$13,500
Previous Yr bring fwd	\$0	\$15,500	\$40,500	\$65,500	\$90,500	\$115,500	\$114,000
Lapsed bring fwd	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$15,500	\$15,500
Additional CC capacity	<u>\$15,500</u>	<u>\$40,500</u>	<u>\$65,500</u>	<u>\$90,500</u>	<u>\$115,500</u>	<u>\$114,000</u>	<u>\$112,000</u>

Changes to Concessional Contributions

Tax deductions for personal super contributions

What we know

From 1 July 2017, 10% rule will be removed

Eligible to claim a deduction regardless of employment circumstances*

Allows all individuals to make CCs up to the CC cap

Deductions limited to assessable income

Tax deduction election process remains unchanged

* Members of certain prescribed funds will not be entitled to deduct contributions to those schemes.

Limiting Non Concessional Contributions

Current

- Non Concessional Contribution limit:
\$180,000pa or
\$540,000 over a three year period of time (the bring forward rule)

Proposal

- To reduce the limits on 1 July 2017 to:
\$100,000pa or
\$300,000 over a three year period of time (the bring forward rule)

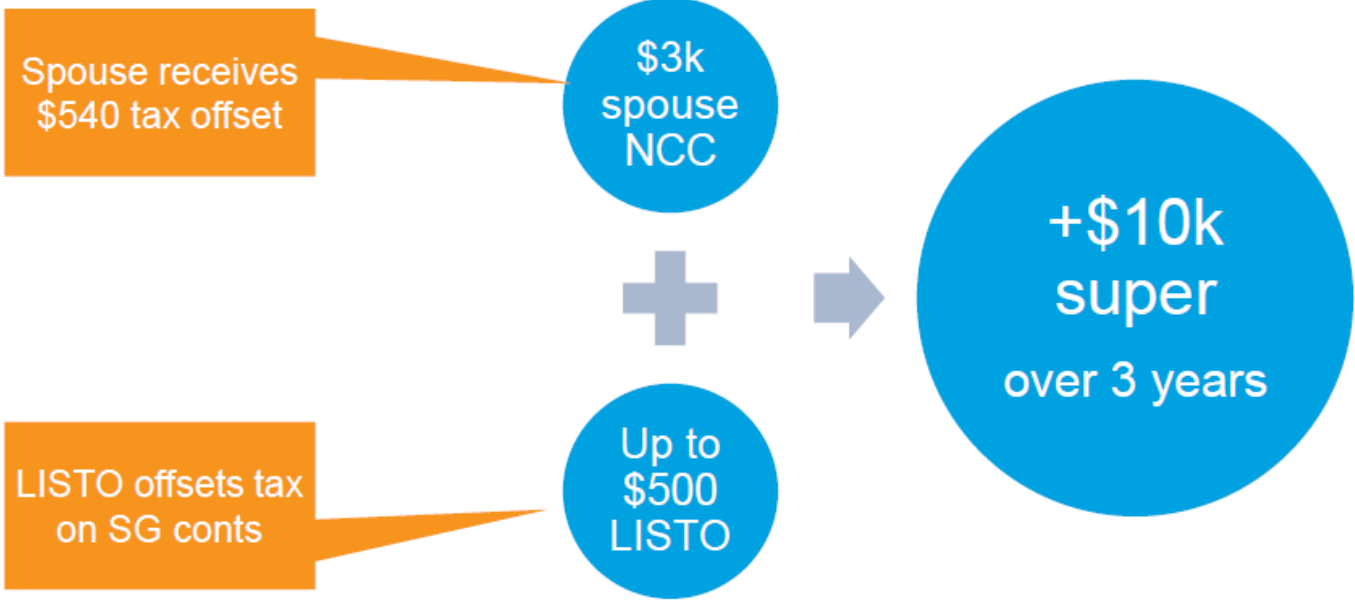
Other Superannuation changes from 1 July 2017

- Work Test to remain in place after age 65 in order to make contributions through to age 75
- Retention of Low Income Super Tax Offset (ie refund of contributions tax on SGC up to \$37,000)
- Extension of the Spouse Contribution rebate. \$540 for a \$3,000 contribution is allowable now for spouse income up to \$37,000pa (maximum of \$500 rebate)
- Retention of the co contribution (\$500)

Example

Example - Laura

- Age 35, earns \$100,000 pa
- \$50,000 in super – only receives SG contributions
- Takes one year unpaid maternity leave in 2018/19
- Works part-time (30% or \$30,00 salary) for 2 years



Changing the taxation of the Transition to Retirement Pension Strategy

- Currently, anyone over their preservation age (i.e. age 56) can commence a TTR Pension which allows individual to use the 0% taxed pension environment
- A certain amount of income must be taken each year (minimum 4% based on age, maximum 10%) and this will be concessional tax depending on the person's circumstances

Proposal

- It has been proposed that all TTR Pensions (both new and existing) will be taxed on their earnings at 15% (from 1 July 2017)

Strategy Consideration – Last Opportunity to use TTR strategy

If over the age of 56, it could be beneficial to commence a TTR in the 2016/17 FY before the new rules commence. See your adviser

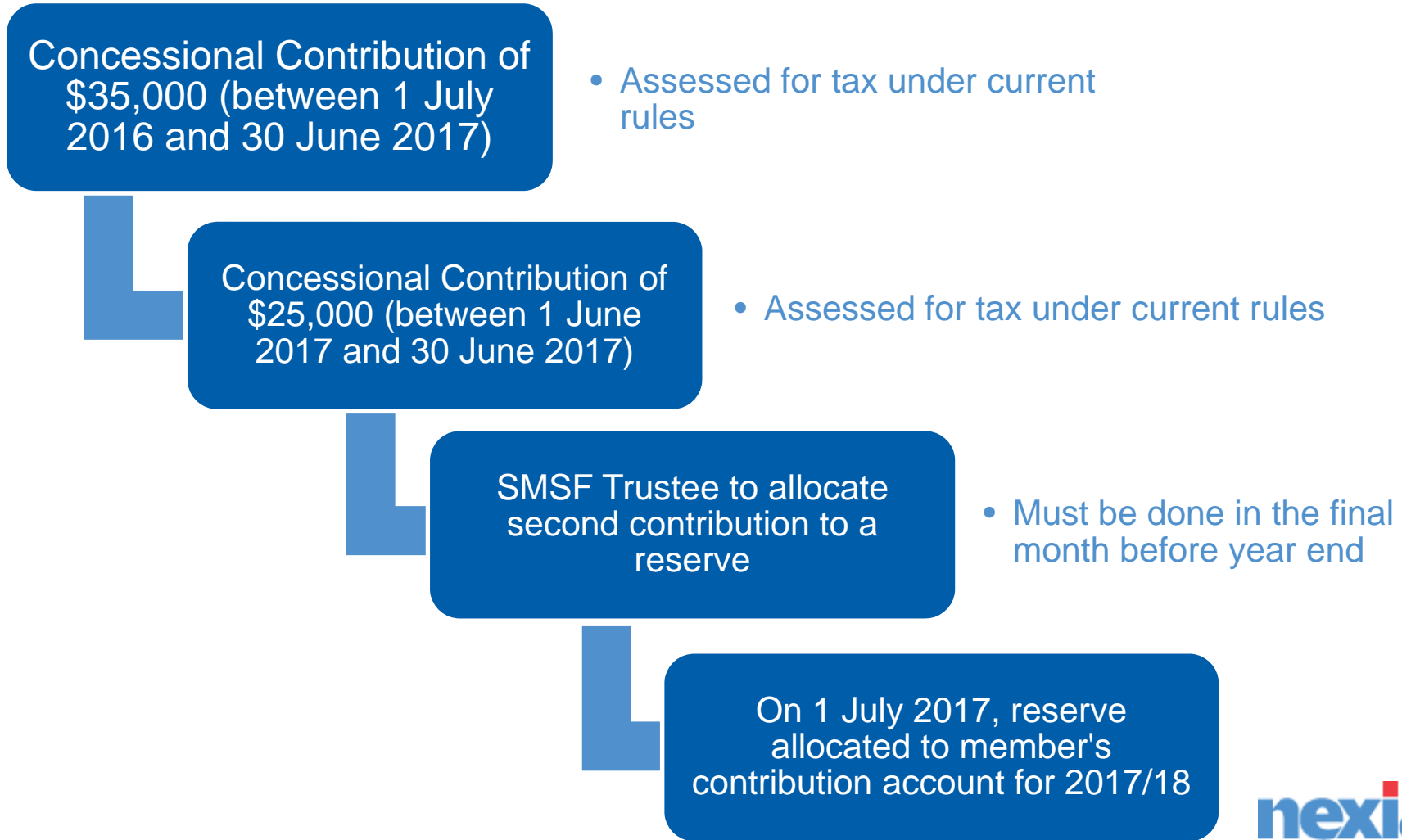
SMSF Strategy Considerations

- Segregation of Assets
- Reserving
 - Investment
 - Contributions
- Estate Planning
 - Binding Death Agreements
 - Reversionary Pension elections
- LRBAs – Related Party Loans

ATO issued an ultimatum in Oct 2015:

- SMSF have until January 2017 to get these loans on “commercial terms”

Using a contributions reserve strategy



Estate Planning – super death benefits

Superannuation death benefits are paid to beneficiaries under the terms of the trust deed.

Trust deeds are generally flexible and allow for the following:

- (a) Reversionary pensions;
- (b) Binding death benefit nominations;
- (c) Trustee's discretion

Strategies to minimise impact of change?

- Proposed changes are not yet law
- 2016/17 represents an excellent opportunity to take advantage of the current arrangements before they are replaced with the new rules
 - Concessional Contributions limit of \$30,000 or \$35,000 if over age 50
 - Non Concessional Contributions Limit of \$180,000 or \$540,000 if the individual has not yet utilised the 'Bring Forward Provisions'
 - 1 year opportunity to utilise the TTR Income Stream to tax efficiently provide income and wealth accumulation
- Individuals using a SMSF for their super accumulation could also consider using the 'bring forward' contribution reserve strategy

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<p>Hourly rate</p> <p><i>Varies depending on the complexity of your situation</i></p>	<p>No commission</p> <p><i>Our advice is in your best interest</i></p>

Special Offer – New Rules Strategy Analysis

Normally the cost of an analysis is charged at hourly rates and can range from about \$4,000 to \$6,000 + GST

As a special offer, we are offering our clients a fixed rate analysis of \$2,900 + GST which will include -

1. Examination of the new legislation to create a blueprint of how best to utilise the current options and the future options in light of your overall wealth accumulation objectives
2. Which ownership structure
3. Comparison of your current super funds to ‘Best of Breed’ Industry fund, wrap account and SMSF
4. Risk Management And Insurance strategy
5. Estate planning Strategy

Investment analysis is not included but you can add that on for an additional fixed cost of \$500 + GST that will provide a fully detailed recommendation of your appropriate investment strategy for your risk profile, time frame and cashflow requirements.

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Thank you