

Is your business's legal structure no longer suitable?

Tuesday, 20 August 2024 10:30am – 11:30am (AEST)



David Montani National Tax Director Webinar will commence soon

Advisory. Tax. Audit.



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David MontaniNational Tax Director

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Introduction

- Businesses grow and evolve
- Next step?
- Legal structure might no longer be suitable
 - Discretionary trust
 - Unit trust
 - Partnership
 - Haphazard additions of entities
- Hindering your business getting to the next level



Introduction

- Change to new structure:
 - Income tax?
 - CGT?
 - GST?
 - Stamp duty?
 - Commercial issues
 - Ultimate exit
- Various roll-overs exist
 - Enable desirable restructures







Today's session

- Reasons to restructure
- Scenarios in need of a restructure
- When your business's legal structure is no longer fit for purpose
- Determining optimal structure that is right for you (and the pathway)
- Kinds of roll-overs available
- Firewalling assets from business risk
- Practical and commercial issues



Reasons to restructure



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Reasons to restructure Common examples

- Introduce new equity participant
- Merge two businesses
- Separate incompatible businesses
- Improve asset protection, firewalls
- Dispense with UPE/corporate beneficiary issues
- Pre-sale clean-up, packaging
- Streamlined corporate structure
- Commercial overrides tax





New legal structure Our value contribution

- Determine optimum new structure
- Determine optimum pathway, which roll-overs, etc.
 - Many qualifying conditions
 - Some have zero margin for error
 - Traps
- Risk management
- Get you safely from A to B
 - Or A → B → C → D



Roll-overs Transfer assets

- CGT, income tax
- GST
 - Often rely on going concern
 - Liability/credit symmetry
- Stamp duty
 - Limited
 - QLD/WA/NT still impose on business assets



Structure no longer suitable



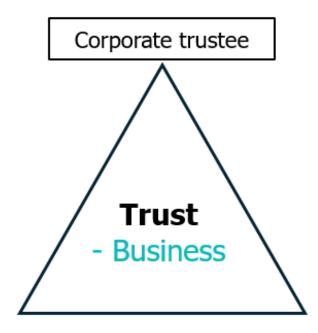
Structure no longer suitable





Discretionary trust No longer suitable

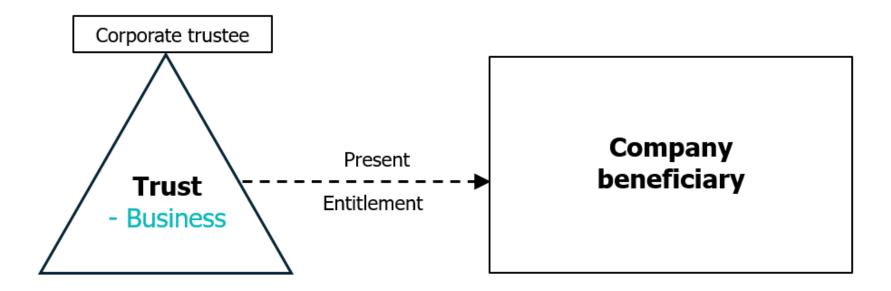
- Common structure for small and family businesses
- When no longer suitable? Eg:
 - Introduce new equity partner
 - Grow by acquisition, issue equity
 - Merge with another business
 - Increasing size of transactions; outside parties want to deal with an operating company, not a trustee
 - IPO





Discretionary trust No longer suitable

- Corporate beneficiary/Division 7A compliance too costly
 - Triggers top-up tax on profits retained in the business

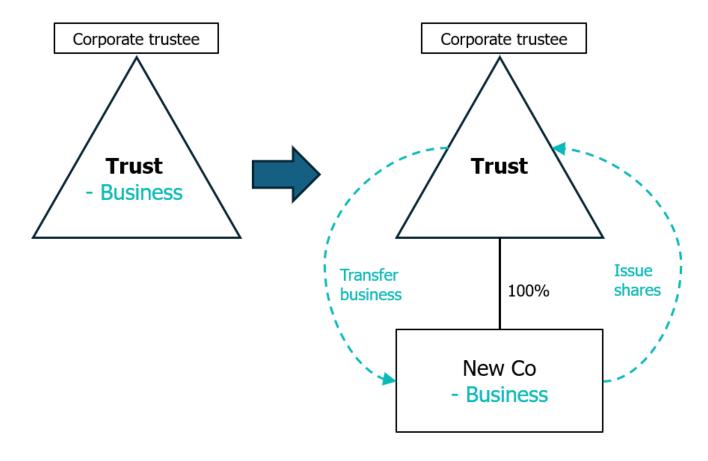




Discretionary trust What is possible

• Example 1:

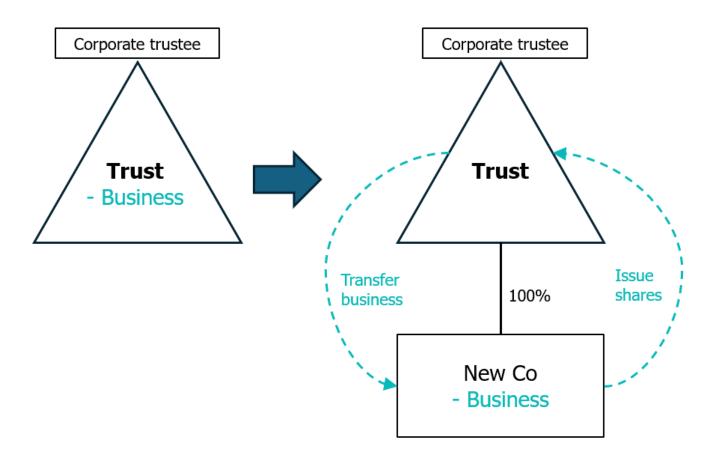
- Transfer business assets to a wholly owned company
- Also related liabilities, employees, etc
- Trust must receive only shares





Discretionary trust Roll-over

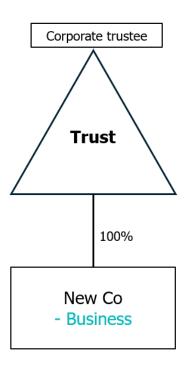
- Triggers market value capital gains, assessable gains on P&E
 - Roll-over:
 - Gains disregarded
 - New Co inherits original costs
- GST-free?
- Stamp duty QLD/WA/NT





Now a company Possibilities open up

- Can issue or sell shares to new equity partner
- Trust makes gain on sale of shares
 - Can preserve access to 50% CGT discount
- No longer need a corporate beneficiary
 - Shuts off future forced top-up tax liabilities
- Can achieve same overall annual tax impost as trust structure



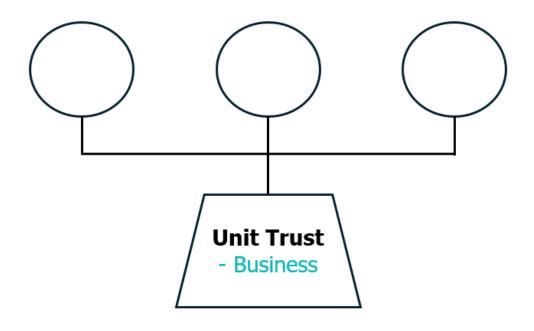


Structure no longer suitable Unit trust



Unit trust When no longer suitable

- Flow-through taxation:
 - Okay to extent owners draw profits
- Not quite the same limited liability as a company
- When no longer suitable:
 - Retain profits in the business
 - Often not workable for a merger, or acquisition by issuing equity





Unit trust What is possible

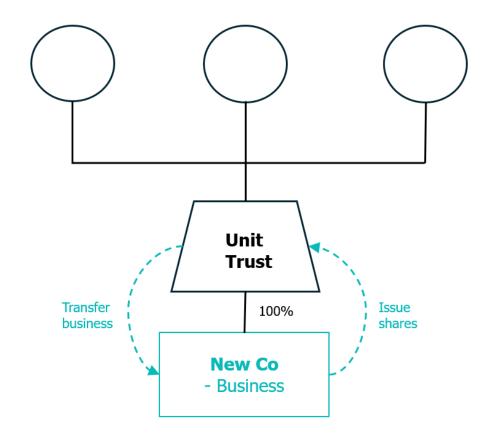
- Corporatise
- Different corporatising pathways
 - **Eg 2**: Roll-over to a company
 - **Eg 3**: Company replaces unit trust
 - **Eg 4**: Insert a holding company
- One might be suitable for you, others not
 - Commercial issues
 - Tax issues



Corporatise a unit trust Roll-over to company

• Example 2

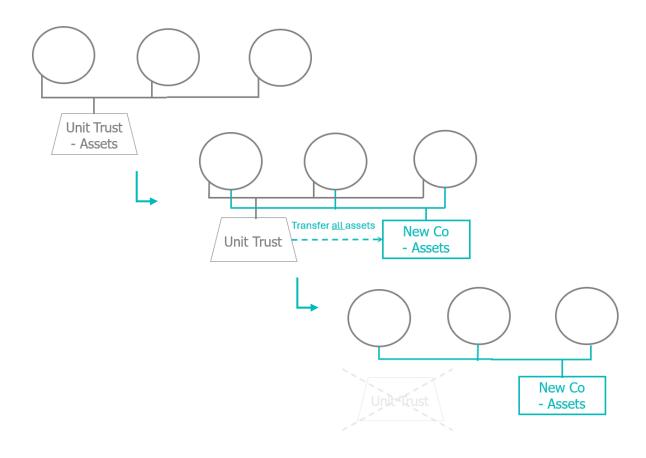
- Same roll-over as Eg 1
- Pay company tax:
 - Reinvest profits at after-company tax rate
 - Pay franked dividends
- GST-free?
- Stamp duty (QLD/WA/NT)





Corporatise a unit trust Company replaces

- **Example 3**. Steps:
 - 1. Set up cleanskin company
 - 2. Transfer everything
 - 3. Wind up unit trust within six months
- Roll-over disregards gains
 - New Co inherits original asset costs
- GST-free?
- Stamp duty (QLD/WA/NT)

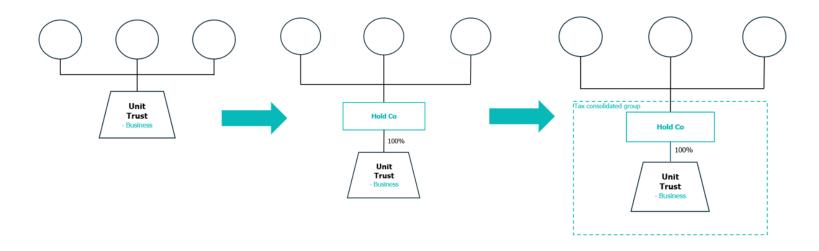




Corporatise a unit trust Insert holding company

- Example 4: "Top-hatting"
 - Can also do with a company
- Transfer units:
 - Roll-over disregards capital gain
 - Issued shares inherit cost and acquisition date from units

- Tax consolidation
- GST N/A
- Possible stamp duty roll-over, landowners

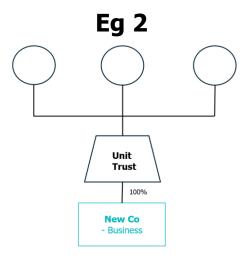


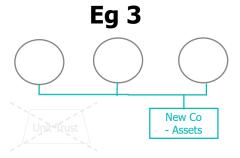


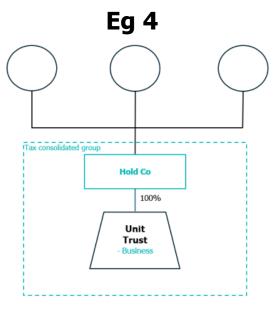
Now a company

Possibilities open up

- Retain profits at after-company tax rate
- Equity-issuing mergers/acquisitions
- Sister subsidiaries
- Pre-IPO



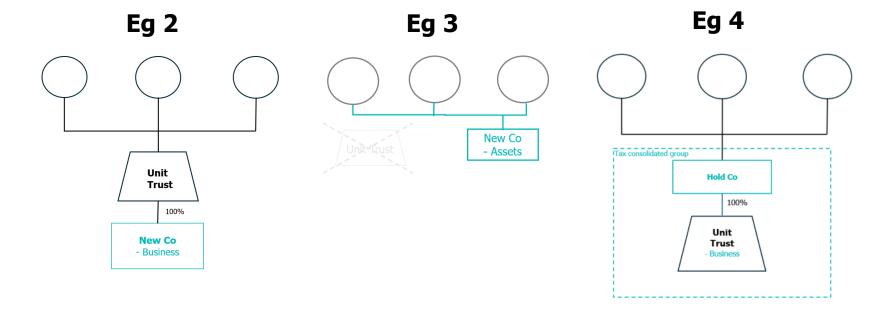






Now a company Which pathway?

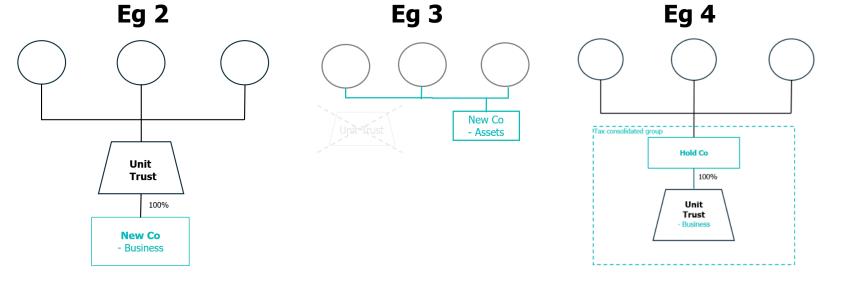
- Which pathway would you choose?
 - Example 2, 3 or 4?
- Driven by your commercial circumstances
 - Tax usually comes second





Now a company Which pathway?

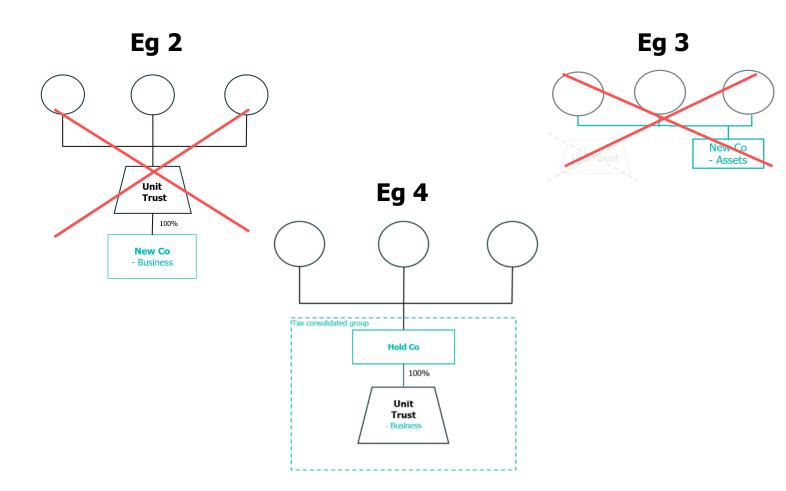
- Eg 3 is the "cleanest"
 - Must transfer absolutely everything
 - Any assets you want to stay in the trust?
- Eg 2 and 3 require transferring the business
 - Greater exercise, more costly
 - Stamp duty in QLD/WA/NT





Now a company Which pathway?

- Business underpinned by contracts?
 - Not practicable to assign?
- Business too vast/complex?
 - Impractical to transfer assets
- Rules out Eg 2 and 3
- Eg 4, everything stays as is, in the trust
 - Transferring units only





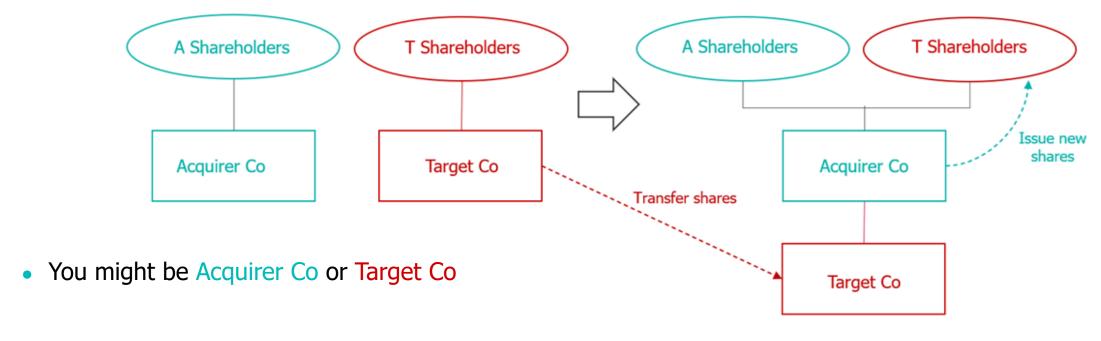
Other possibilities, now a company



Acquisitions/mergers Scrip for scrip roll-over

Example 5

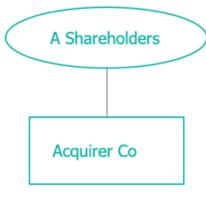
Acquirer Co acquires Target Co

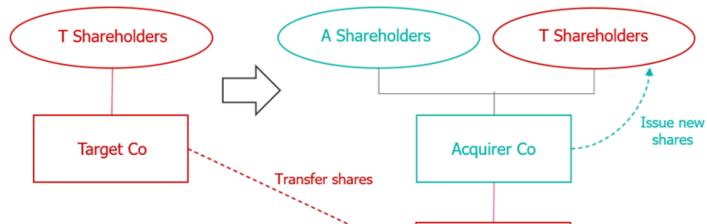




Acquisitions/mergers Scrip for scrip roll-over

Example 5





Target Co

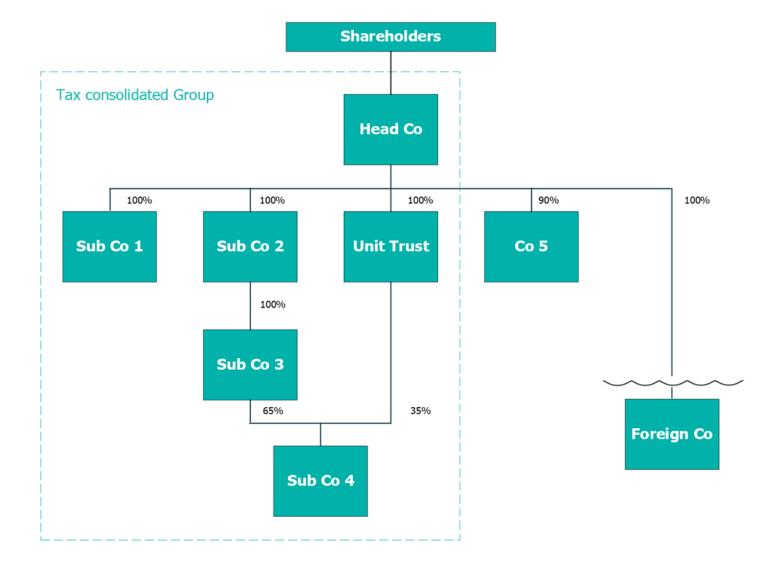
T Shareholders:

- Capital gain disregarded
- Shares received in Acquirer Co inherit cost base, acquisition date
- Qualifying conditions
- Issues to address



Tax consolidated groups

- Treated like a single entity
- Lodges a single, consolidated tax return
- Transactions between members ignored for income tax purposes
 - Convenient for transferring assets
- Firewall assets



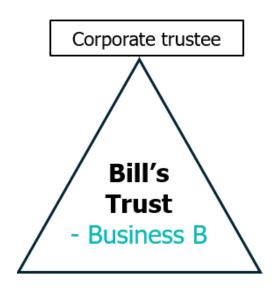


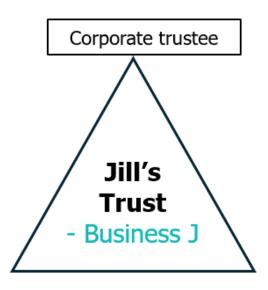
Combinations of roll-overs



Merge two businesses

- Example 6
- Bill and Jill seek to merge their businesses
- Options we would discard:
 - Partnership
 - Joint venture
- Pathway using multiple roll-overs



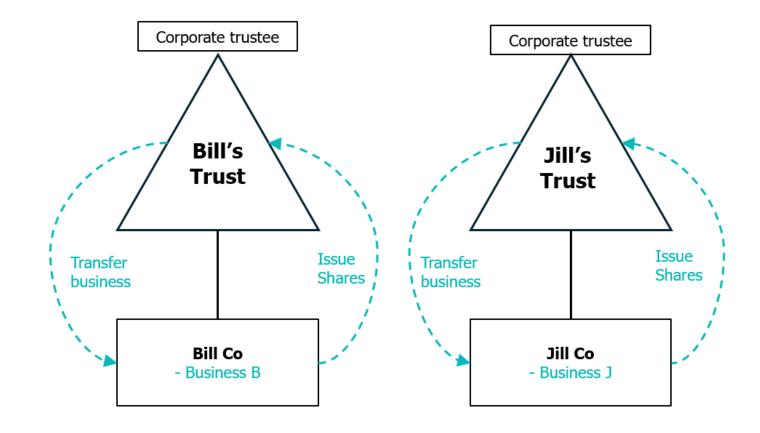




Merge two businesses

Example 6

- Each transfer business to new company
 - Trust-to-company roll-over (Eg 1)

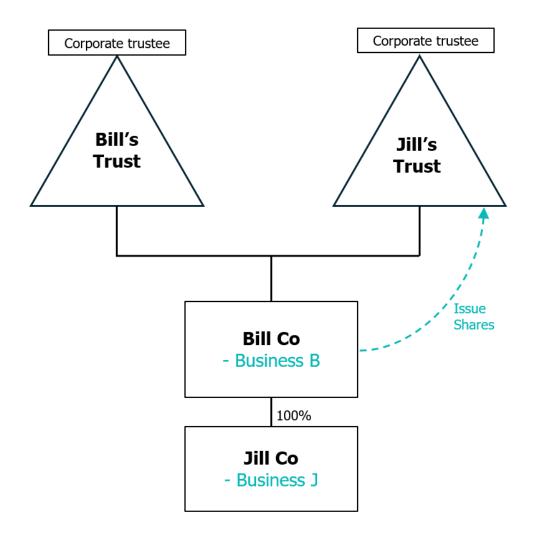




Merge two businesses

- Example 6
- Bill Co acquires Jill Co (could be other way around)
 - Scrip for scrip roll-over (Eg 5)

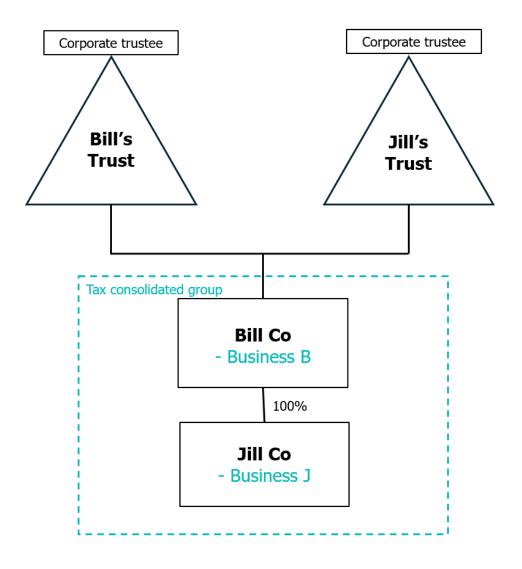
Back-to-back roll-overs





Merge two businesses

- Example 6
- Elect to form a tax consolidated group
 - Treated like a single entity

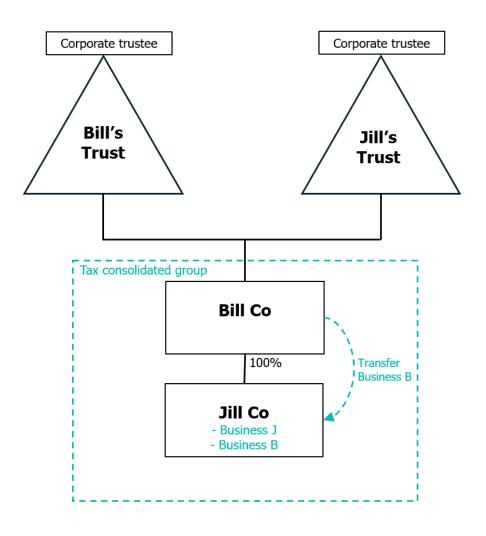




Merge two businesses

- Example 6
- Transfer Business B to Jill Co
 - Ignored for income tax/CGT purposes
- Now we have a parent company, operating subsidiary

- Conditions to satisfy; issue to address
- Other possibilities





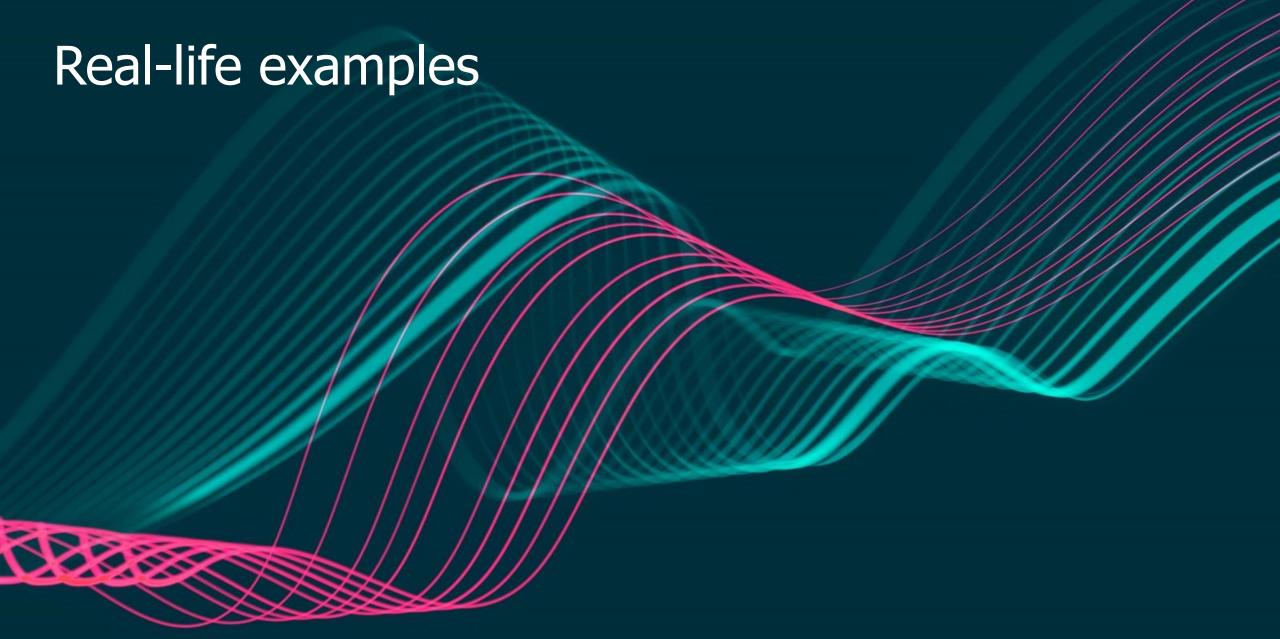




Other roll-overs Sample

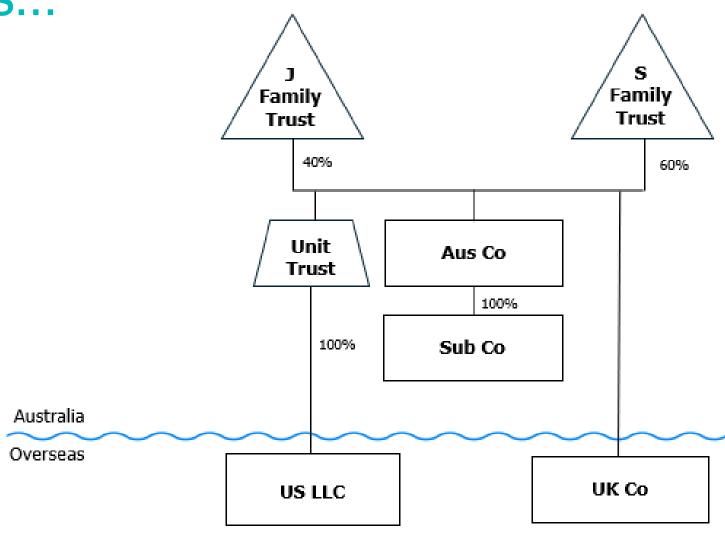
- Small business restructure roll-over
- Split/merge shares or units
- Compulsory acquisitions
- Demerger relief
- Relationship breakdown





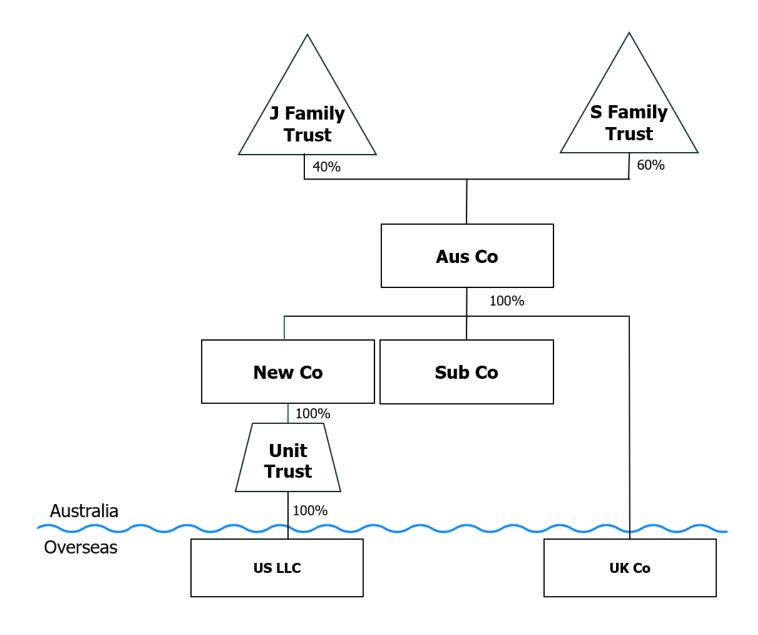


From this... Eg 7





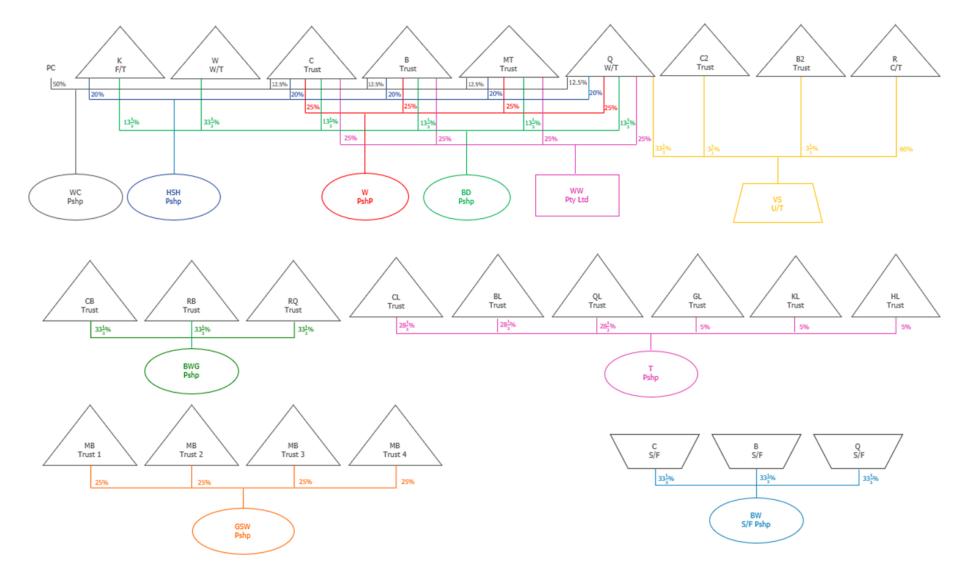
To this Eg 7





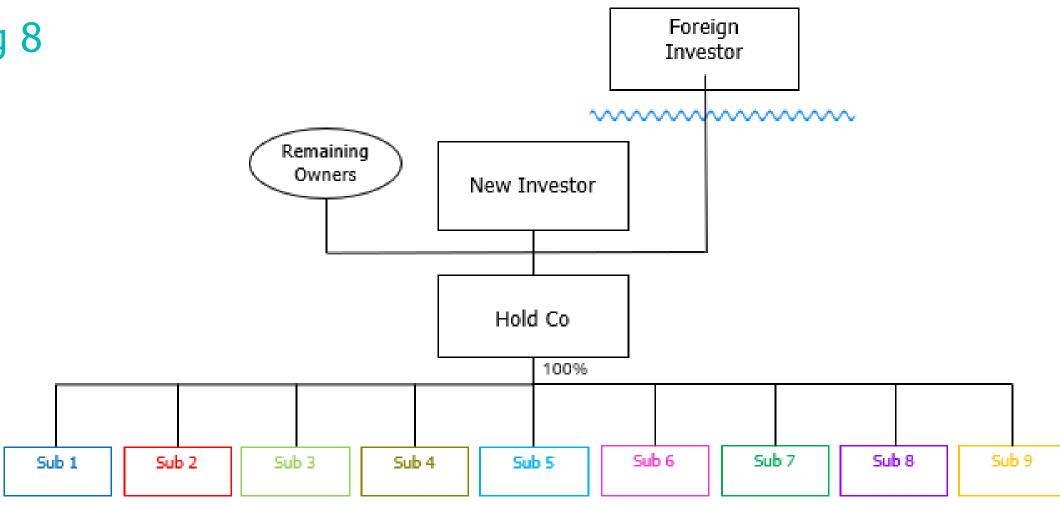
From this...

Eg 8





To this Eg 8





Alternative approach

Don't choose roll-over



Don't choose a roll-over

- Allow market-value capital gain to stand
- Reduce/eliminate capital gain through concessions:
 - General 50% discount
 - Small business relief concessions
- Market value cost base on acquiring side

Why might you do this?



Implementing a restructure



Transferring a business Sample list

- Legal agreements
- Assign contracts, leases, HPs
- New banking/debt facilities
- Notify customers, suppliers
- Insurance policies
- Tax registrations
- Employment agreements



Transferring shares Sample list

- Director/shareholder resolutions
- Contracts for sale of shares
- Share transfer forms
- ASIC notifications
- Update shareholder register
- New share certificates, cancel old ones
- Charges registered with ASIC
- Any contractual obligations to notify of change in shareholders



Different skillsets

- Specialist tax advice
- Valuations
- Corporate advisory
- Driver/coordinator



Conclusion

- Businesses grow and evolve
- Current structure hindering getting to the next phase?
- Roll-overs available to enable restructuring
- Qualifying conditions, issues to manage
- Risk management
- Get you from where you are, to where you need to be, with confidence



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